## EYFS PROGRESSION

Progression in Nursery

| Development Matters Objectives | Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. | Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. | Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises | Explore colour and colour mixing. | Show different emotions in their drawings - happiness, sadness, fear, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Skills Development | - Make marks intentionally in sand, shaving foam and using paint, chalk etc <br> - Give meaning to the marks they make <br> - Draw marks on a large scale <br> - Draw horizontal and vertical lines, squiggles, circles, squares and diagonal lines <br> - Use their knowledge of real life objects and their imagination when choosing what to represent in their work <br> - Draw simple representations | - Manipulate tools such as pens, paintbrushes, chalk etc <br> - Draw on a large scale <br> - Draw horizontal and vertical lines, squiggles, circles, <br> squares and diagonal lines <br> - Draw simple representations | - Create movements with bodies and equipment in response to music <br> - Listen to music and use a pen to represent the movement (take the pen for a walk) <br> - Identify how movement/ emotion/ noise can be represented in drawings and artwork by looking at examples in art by a range of different artists across times and cultures. <br> - Draw horizontal and vertical lines, squiggles, circles, squares and diagonal lines | - Explore colour in different ways <br> - Mix colours together and notice change <br> - Talk about what happens when they mix two colours together- Reception | - Use different colours to express feelings of happiness, sadness, fear etc <br> - Draw different marks to represent facial features that show emotions- eg mouth and eyes |
| Knowledge | Know that closed shapes lines connect | Know and talk about simple facial features and their basic shape | Know that marks can show movement or loud noises | Know the names of primary colours- red, blue, yellow <br> Know the names of an extended range of coloursorange, green, purple, white, black, brown and grey <br> Know that when you mix 2 colours another colour will be created. | Know what different emotions look like on people's faces <br> Know how emotion can be represented in drawings and artwork. |
| Vocabulary | straight, curvy, line, shape, circle | naming tools and equipment, line, circle | naming tools and equipment, line, circle, pattern | mix, colour mixing, extended colour range eg purple, grey..., light, dark | emotions, eg sad, happy, angry and scared |


|  | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. | Exploration of marks being made, circles, lines. Experimenting with different mark makers on different surfaces. | Use mark making to represent simple movements Create shorter lines, curves, enclosed circles; discovering that lines can make shapes | Draw lines and shapes to represent simple forms and movements |
| Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. | Exploration of marks being made, circles, lines. Experimenting with different mark makers on different surfaces. | Create shorter lines, curves, enclosed circles; discovering that lines can make shapes | Draw lines and shapes to represent simple facial features <br> Draw from imagination, using simple abstract lines and shapes |
| Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises | Exploration of marks being made - scribbles in response to music. | Using lines and circles in response to music. | Making more controlled movements in response to music/ loud/quiet noises. |
| Explore colour and colour mixing. | Choose and explore a variety of colour medium, colour mixing exploration on a variety surfaces. | Explore mixing colours, begin to talk about / name colours and observe the changes. | Begin to be able to select a brush, 'dip, draw, wash and wipe' technique to keep colours clear. <br> Become more selective of colours to achieve a desired effect |
| Show different emotions in their drawings happiness, sadness, fear, etc. | Exploration of marks being made, circles, lines. To represent feelings | Create shorter lines, curves, enclosed circles; discovering that lines can make shapes | Record observations and feelings; adding meaning to pictures |

## Progression in Reception

| Development Matters Objectives | Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic <br> effects to express their ideas and feelings. | Return to and build on their previous <br> learning, refining ideas and developing their <br> ability to represent them. | Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, <br> resources and skills. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Skills Development | - Use paints and brushes to make a range of <br> marks. <br> - Use specific colours to represent ideas or for <br> a purpose of choice. <br> - Draw a self portrait with facial features, | - Choose materials carefully to make their <br> artwork <br> -Adapt their artwork to achieve a desired <br> outcome <br> - Improve their artwork | - Use tools and resources safely <br> - Work collaboratively <br> - Communicate ideas with others <br> - Peer support others |


|  | looking closely in the mirror, drawing details and using colours for a purpose. <br> - Mix colours together to achieve a desired outcome with support. <br> - Use different sized brushes, selecting fine brushes to add detail. <br> - Use a variety of art tools with greater accuracy (scissors, brushes, tools) <br> - Develop simple patterns by printing with objects using a range of materials -Create different textures and combine media to create new effects. <br> - Use their senses to explore the natural world, to make observations and draw ideas from it. <br> - Select resources and materials to achieve a purpose. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Knowledge | Name the primary colours (red, yellow and blue) <br> Have an understanding of how to mix two primary colours together to make the secondary colours (orange, green and purple) <br> Know how to use different tools safely. <br> Name the simple properties of materials. <br> Know different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. | Know how to improve their creations | Know how to take turns Know how to be respectful |
| Vocabulary | art, primary colours, secondary colours, metallic colours, palette, thick, thin, fine, texture- smooth, bumpy, rough, represent | problem solve |  |


|  | Autumn | Spring |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Explore, use and refine a <br> variety of artistic effects to <br> express their ideas and <br> feelings. | Begin to draw with purpose, deciding what to draw <br> before making marks. Use a variety of mark-makers <br> with increasing control and efficiency. <br> Explore what happens mixing primary colours to <br> create secondary colours. <br> Understand how to print effectively using fine <br> motor skills to grip and press. Begin to make | Develop drawing within a range of contexts <br> Look closely at natural and man-made objects, to <br> create observational drawings that notice shape, <br> form and pattern. Mix various shades of primary <br> colours to create secondary colours and use these <br> in artwork. <br> Have own ideas for print making to experience a | With independence, create drawings based on <br> feelings, real /imaginative experiences and stories. <br> Use drawing tools with care and increasing <br> precision. Draw with increasing complexity and <br> detail. Observe colour in nature and represent it in <br> artwork; mixing colours to match what they see. <br> Use printing techniques with independence to |


|  | considered patterns/pictures. <br> Mould with hands using techniques such as pinching, squeezing, pulling, poking, patting to achieve a desired effect Independently make constructions, using own ideas and available loose parts. Show increasing skills with combining, lining up, stacking etc. | variety of shape, texture and pattern. Take rubbings from objects such as tree bark. <br> Combine pieces using different techniques and tools to represent a familiar object and represent the feel of an object (e.g. spiky, furry, smooth). Build and de-construct loose part models / constructions to represent real life / imaginary objects and experiences. Handle tools and materials with increasing control. <br> Use tools and materials effectively to explore shape, pattern and form to make pictures and other collage. Make repeating and irregular patterns. | make patterns and pictures, using a variety of artistic effects <br> Make models with a purpose and with increasing skill (e.g. shaping, moulding or combining pieces) For instance, with a systematic approach - begin with a body, add a head, legs and a tail to make a dog. Make imaginative structures, using tools with control. Explore a wide range of materials, making simple forms and applying simple decorative features where wanted. independently assemble different pieces to create a picture or pattern. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. | Share ideas and develop the ability to represent them using different media. | Return to and build on previous learning. | Return to and build on previous learning, refining ideas and developing the ability to represent them. |
| Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. | Work alongside others, discussing ideas, resources and skills they are using. | Work collaboratively in pairs sharing ideas, resources and skills. | Work collaboratively in groups with other children, sharing ideas, resources and skills. |

Projects and Key Artists/Designers

| Year <br> Group | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nur | Drawing: Paul Klee "a line is a dot that went <br> for a walk" <br> Collage: Self Portraits | Painting: Emotions |  |
| Rec | Painting: Self Portraits - Mixing primary <br> colours <br> Collage: Firework / Rangoli Patterns <br> Drawing: Pete the Cat illustrations | 3D Sculpture: Chinese Lanterns | Printing: Orla Kiely leaf printing |
| Drawing: Observational Flower Drawings |  |  |  |$\quad$ 3D: Little Pigs Houses | Painting: Pablo Picasso - returning to previous |
| :--- |

## BRIDGING INTO THE NATIONAL CURRICULUM

## Early Learning Goals

## Early Learning Goals - Creating with Materials

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form, and function;
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used;


## Early Learning Goals: Fine Motor Skills

- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

How our early years curriculum prepares for the next stage of education

| Early Learning Goals | NC Areas | Year 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Artists/Designers <br> Children investigate works of art and try to explain how the artwork <br> makes them feel, highlighting areas that interest them. | Artists/Designers | Chn study works of famous artists, craftspeople and designers, learning <br> how and when they were made. They describe the content and the <br> feelings/emotions conveyed by the work. |
| Content Knowledge <br> Pupils will orally yescribe their work and learn the meaning of the <br> words: colour, line, tone, shape, texture and pattern. | Content Knowledge | Chn learn the meaning of the words: colour, line, tone, shapes, texture and <br> patterns and begin using them in their art. Chn will recognise when they <br> are using formal elements and describe how they are using them. |
| Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; | Developing Ideas | Chn may come up with ideas linked to the theme or topic they are <br> studying. Chn will draw events and things that have happened to them, <br> things they know and love or imagine far away places. |
| Developing ldeas - Children will learn how ideas change, grow and <br> develop as work is produced. Children will create art from personal | Evaluating | Chn have the opportunity to make creative decisions about the content of |

## experiences and imagination

Evaluating - Children have the opportunity to make creative decisions about the content of their work, select appropriate media to work with and make choices about outcomes. They will develop skills in oracy describing their thoughts, ideas and intentions about their work. Children will compare their art to significant works of art, recognising
what is the same and what is different. what is the same and what is different.

## Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques

 experimenting with colour, design, texture, form, and function;Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery

## Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing

Drawing - Pupils develop their control and confidence when drawing sing a range of materials. Pupils draw forms using the formal elements of lines and simple shapes such as circles, squares and triangles. Pupils learn to tonally shade areas and shapes as neatly and carefully as they can.

Pupils draw things that they like and learn to draw for pleasure and relaxation. Pupils draw from imagination and observation. They record deas, thoughts, feelings and draw for narrative reasons.

Painting - Pupils learn how to control a paintbrush, they learn how to look after brushes and blend colours on a palette or painting surface. Pupils will use a range of painting tools to experiment with mark making - brushes, sponges, tissue, fabric, string etc

Colour - They learn fundamental colour mixing using primary colours. They play with colours, experimenting to discover new colours. They try to mix colours to match images from paintings and books.

Tone/Form - Pupils learn that colours can be made lighter/ darker by adding white and black

Pattern/Texture - They paint patterns and add things to paint to make textures such as sand, grit, salt.

Line/Shape - Pupils concentrate to paint shapes, lines and edges neatly
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|c|l|}\hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { their work, select appropriate media to work with and make choices about } \\ \text { outcomes. Chn will develop skills orally describing their thoughts, ideas } \\ \text { and intentions about their work. They will form opinions about the process } \\ \text { of their work saying what went well and how they might improve it. Chn } \\ \text { will compare their art to the appropriate works of art recognising what is } \\ \text { the same and what is different. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Drawing } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Pupils develop their ability to use and apply the formal elements by } \\ \text { increasing their control of line and using simple 2D geometric shapes } \\ \text { when drawing. They explore the concept of light and dark, learning how to } \\ \text { create both values by manipulating the pressure of their drawing } \\ \text { materials. They practise shading tones neatly and accurately. }\end{array} \\ \text { Pupils use a range of media to try out new ways of making marks and } \\ \text { lines. Pupils draw from their imagination and observation. }\end{array} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{ll}\text { Painting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Chn develop skills in mixing paint, they blend in palettes, on paper and } \\ \text { develop the ability to apply paint skilfully. Chn know and use different } \\ \text { types of painting surfaces such as paper, card, brown paper, fabrics, and } \\ \text { textured surfaces and say which is suitable for a given task. } \\ \text { Colour - Pupils use colours imaginatively learning that colour can be used } \\ \text { to express their thoughts and feelings. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Printing } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Tone/Form - Pupils further develop their ability to make colours darker and } \\ \text { lighter understanding how this affects form. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Cattern/Texture - Pupils paint patterns and add things to paint to achieve a } \\ \text { planned effect. } \\ \text { Shape/Line - Chn paints thick and thin lines using different brushes, big } \\ \text { and small shapes in a range of pure and mixed colours. }\end{array}\right\}$

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joining familiar 3D shapes such as packaging, cartons, or boxes into
desired effects. Simple shapes and forms are made from pliable
materials such as modelling clay, foam or pipe cleaners.
Collage - Collage is used to select and cut colours, shapes, textures
and images in a range of sources to suit ideas and purposes.
Printing - Pupils make simple blocks from soft materials they have cut, shaped or moulded. ( N - cutting materials R - fruit/ vegetable printing)
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## NATIONAL CURRICULUM

## National Curriculum

## Purpose of study

Art, craft and design embody some of the highest forms of human creativity. A high-quality art and design education should engage, inspire and challenge pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create their own works of art, craft and design. As pupils progress, they should be able to think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design. They should also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation.

Aims

The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils:

- produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences
- become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques
- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
- know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.


## Attainment targets

## Key stage 1

- to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
- to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
- to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
- about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work

| NC Objectives | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products | $/$ | $/$ |
| to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination | $/$ |  |
| to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space | $/$ | $/$ |
| about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different <br> practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. | $/$ | $/$ |

## Key stage 2

- to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- about great artists, architects and designers in history

| NC Objectives | Year 3 | Year 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas | / | / | / | / |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] | / | 1 | / | / |
| about great artists, architects and designers in history. | / | / | / | / |

## DELIVERING THE NATIONAL CURRICULUM

## Aims

- produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences

What and How (What creative work will they produce each year. How they will progressively explore their ideas and record experiences.)

| Year Group | Project 1 | Project 2 | Project 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nursery | Drawing: Paul Klee "a line is a dot that went <br> for a walk" <br> Collage: Self Portraits | Painting: Emotions |  |
| Reception | Painting: Self Portraits - Mixing primary <br> colours <br> Collage: Firework / Rangoli Patterns <br> Drawing: Pete the Cat illustrations | 3D Sculpture: Chinese Lanterns <br> Printing: Orla Kiely leaf printing <br> Drawing: Observational Flower Drawings | Prawing: People who help us <br> Painting: Pablo Picasso - returning to <br> Previous |
| Year 1 | Drawing - Half Pencil Portraits | Collage - Paper Collage | 3D: Tree textures |


| Year 2 | Drawing - Colourful Pop art Portraits | 3D Sculpture - Foil Sculpture | Printing - Monoprinting |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Year 3 | Drawing - Charcoal Portraits | Painting | Collage - Fabric Collage |
| Year 4 | Drawing - Oil Pastel Portraits | 3D Sculpture - Clay Sculpture | Printing - Relief |
| Year 5 | Drawing - Eye Study | Painting | 3D Sculpture - Recycled Materials |
| Year 6 | Drawing - Digital media Portraits | Printing - Tessellated | Collage - Multimedia Collage |

- become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques

Art and Design Skills Progression (Overview)

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drawing | Chn draw lines of different sizes and thickness. Chn use scribbling and hatching to shade objects drawn. Chn colour neatly following the lines. | Chn show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines (stippling and cross-hatching). Chn use bold colours to express themselves. | Chn use charcoal to shade and contrast and blend using fingers and sponges. Chn annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. | Chn sketch lightly and contour shade to show tone and texture. Chn begin to draw in proportion. | Chn use a choice of techniques to convey meaning. Chn use erasing to work in the negative. Chn use scale and proportion more accurately. | Chn choose a style of drawing suitable for their intended outcome. Chn convey tonal qualities showing light and dark on form. |
| Painting | Chn use thick and thin brushes and mix primary colours to consistently make secondary colours. |  | Chn explore complementary colours and develop paint scales using tints and shades. Chn experiment with monochromatic paint scales using tints, shades and tones. |  | Chn use of tertiary and harmonious colours. Chn mix colours, shades and tones with confidence. Chn develop their own style of painting. |  |
| 3D Sculpting |  | Chn use techniques such as pinching, scrunching and rolling to mould, form, shape and bond materials. Chn use tools to cut and score changing the texture. Chn experiment with |  | Chn construct a base for extending and modelling other shapes Chn create surface patterns (scoring) to add decoration. Chn join objects together and | Chn shape, form and model malleable and rigid materials. Chn transform 2D designs to 3D sculptures. Chn use shape cutting equipment safely. |  |


|  |  | joining materials. |  | add layers creating <br> texture. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Collage | Chn use a combination <br> of materials that are cut, <br> torn, glued and arranged <br> to achieve a planned <br> effect. |  | Chn select and arrange <br> materials precisely. Chn <br> use overlapping. | Chn mix textures when <br> creating a montage. Chn <br> combine visual and <br> tactile qualities. | Chn create a monoprint <br> by rubbing, rolling, <br> pressing and stamping <br> to print. |
| Printing |  | Chn use tools to remove <br> selected parts of their <br> printing block. Chn use <br> tesselation to create a <br> mosaic effect. Chn <br> create an accurate <br> pattern showing fine <br> detail. | Chn create raised <br> printing blocks by <br> adding string to the <br> printing block surface. <br> Chn make precise <br> repeating patterns. | ( |  |

- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Content Knowledge | Chn describe the work of <br> notable artists, <br> craftspeople and <br> designers | Chn use some of the <br> ideas of artists studied to <br> create own pieces | Chn replicate some of <br> the techniques used by <br> notable artists and <br> designers | Chn create original <br> pieces that are <br> influenced by studies of <br> others. | Chn give details about <br> the style artists and <br> designers. Show how the <br> work of those studied <br> was influential in society <br> and to other artists. |
| Developing Ideas | Chn create original <br> pieces that show a range <br> of influence and styles. <br> Apply knowledge and <br> ideas from great artists <br> and designers from <br> different periods. |  |  |  |  |
| Chn respond to ideas <br> and starting points, <br> exploring different <br> methods as ideas <br> develop. | Chn explore ideas and <br> collect visual <br> information. Chn explore <br> different methods and <br> materials as ideas <br> develop. | Chn develop ideas from <br> starting points <br> throughout the <br> curriculum. They adapt <br> and refine ideas as they <br> progress. Chn comment <br> on artworks using visual <br> language. | Chn collect information, <br> sketches and resources <br> to enhance own ideas. <br> Chn explore ideas in a <br> variety of ways and <br> comment on artwork <br> with a developing grasp <br> of visual language. | Chn develop and <br> imaginatively extend <br> their ideas from starting <br> points throughout the <br> curriculum. Chn collect <br> information, sketches <br> and resources to inspire. <br> Chn use the qualities of <br> materials to enhance <br> ideas and comment on <br> artwork with a <br> developing grasp of <br> sketches/resources and <br> present ideas <br> imaginatively in a <br> sketchbook/ Chn spot <br> the potential in <br> unexpected results as <br> their work progresses. <br> Chn comment on <br> artwork with a fluent <br> grasp of visual language. |  |


| Evaluating | Chn say what they like <br> and dislike about a piece <br> of artwork | Chn evaluate the work of <br> their peers with basic <br> justification | Chn evaluate their peers <br> work with clear <br> justifications, <br> understanding that <br> opinions might differ | Chn evaluate the work of <br> others with clear <br> evaluations based on <br> one part of the piece e.g. <br> detail, emotion, <br> technique, colour. | Chn evaluate the work of <br> others with clear <br> evaluations based on <br> multiple parts of the <br> piece e.g. detail, <br> emotion, technique, <br> colour. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

- know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

Why we have chosen these artists, craft makers and designers

The great artists, craft makers and designers. The historical and cultural development of their art forms.

| Year Group | Project 1 | Project 2 | Project 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Year 1 | Lesley Martyn | Megan Coyle | Van Gogh |
| Year 2 | Roy Lichtenstein | Toshihiko Mistuya \& Georgia O'Keefe | Jan Tcega \& George Pierre Seurat |
| Year 3 | John Singer | Claude Monet | Stella McCartney \& Susan Schenk |
| Year 4 | Mary Cassatt | Frida Khalo | Andy Lovell |
| Year 5 | Jose Vergara | Yasmin Kathrada | Veronika Richterova |
| Year 6 | Ben Hein |  |  |

Traditional Art Contemporary Art Modern Art

National Curriculum Progression - KS1

|  | Use a range of materials | To develop and share | To develop a wide range of art techniques | To know about the work of a |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | creatively to design and make products | their ideas, experiences and imagination |  | range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KS1 | Chn experiment with a range of different materials. <br> Focus Projects: <br> pencils, pencil crayons, paper, card, tissue paper, different collage materials, poster paints. pencils, felt tips, foil, paints, pastels, | Chn respond to ideas and starting points, exploring different methods as ideas develop. <br> Chn explore ideas and collect visual information. Chn explore different methods and materials as ideas develop. | Colour <br> Mix colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours. <br> Use more specific colour language. <br> Mix and use tints and shades. <br> Pattern/ Texture <br> Create pattern/ texture using simple drawing techniques: scribbling, stippling, hatching and cross-hatching <br> Use folding, overlapping and tearing of materials to create different patterns and textures. <br> Line <br> Make marks and lines with a range of drawing implements Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements to create lines and marks. <br> Shape <br> Make marks and lines with a range of drawing implements Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements to create lines and shapes <br> Space <br> Use and draw shapes more accurately in the relevant space. <br> Tone <br> Experiment with different grades of pencil and other to achieve variations in tone. Apply tone in a drawing in a simple way. <br> Form <br> Mould, join, pinch, scrunch and bend material to achieve a 3D structure. | Chn describe the work of notable artists, craftspeople and designers <br> Chn recognise practices and disciplines in the artists, craft makers, designers work and begin to make links to their own work. <br> Chn are inspired by the work of artists and begin to use elements in their own pieces. <br> Chn recognise practices and disciplines in the artists, craft makers, designers work and describe differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, linking to their own work. |

National Curriculum Progression - KS2

|  | To create sketch books to record their | To improve their mastery of art and design | To know about great artists, architects and |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | observations and use them to review and revisit ideas | techniques | designers in history |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LKS2 | Chn develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. They adapt and refine ideas as they progress. Chn comment on artworks using visual language. <br> Chn collect information, sketches and resources to enhance own ideas. Chn explore ideas in a variety of ways and comment on artwork with a developing grasp of visual language. | Colour <br> Investigate the colour wheel. Explore complementary colours, developing scales using tints and shades. Explore monochromatic colour scales. <br> Pattern/ Texture <br> Create pattern/ texture using drawing techniques: scribbling, stippling, hatching and cross-hatching, shading, contouring, blending. <br> Use different fabrics and materials to experiment with pattern and texture. <br> Line <br> Experiment with lines to create texture and movement. <br> Shape <br> Use appropriate shapes for achieved planned effects. <br> Space <br> Explore positive and negative space. <br> Tone <br> Experiment with tone to apply depth to artwork. <br> Form <br> Experiment with size, shape and space of their 3D structures | John Singer <br> Claude Monet <br> Stella McCartney <br> Susan Schenk <br> Mary Cassatt <br> Andy Lovell |
| UKS2 | Chn develop and imaginatively extend their ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. Chn collect information, sketches and resources to inspire. Chn use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas and comment on artwork with a developing grasp of visual language. <br> Chn collect, sketches/resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketchbook/ Chn spot the potential in unexpected results as their work progresses. Chn comment on artwork with a fluent grasp of visual language. | Colour <br> Explore tertiary and harmonious colours. <br> Pattern/ Texture <br> Create pattern/ texture using drawing techniques: scribbling, stippling, hatching and cross-hatching, shading, contouring, blending. <br> Use different fabrics and materials to experiment with pattern and texture. <br> Line <br> Experiment with lines to create texture, movement and emphasism. <br> Shape <br> Use appropriate shapes for achieved planned effects. <br> Space <br> Use space to convey meaning. Erase to work in the negative. <br> Tone <br> Develop tone to show light and shade on form. <br> Form | Jose Vergara <br> Frida Khalo <br> Veronika Richterova <br> Ben Hein <br> Yasmin Kathrada |


|  | Use both malleable and rigid materials. Transform 2D <br> designs to 3D structures. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

National Curriculum Progression - KS2

## NATIONAL CURRICULUM STRAND PROGRESSION

KEY STAGE ONE

## Pupils should be taught:

1. to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
2. to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
3. to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
4. about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work
5. to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum |
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$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Focus material: Coloured } \\ \text { Pencils }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Focus material: tissue } \\ \text { paper, coloured paper, } \\ \text { card, magazines }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Focus material: } \\ \text { Primary colour poster } \\ \text { paints and white, paint } \\ \text { brushes of different } \\ \text { thickness, }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Focus material: } \\ \text { Felt tip pens }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Focus material: } \\ \text { Foil and etching tools } \\ \text { (tooth picks, scissors) }\end{array} \\ \text { Focus material: } \\ \text { Paint and printing tools }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { to use a range of } \\ \text { materials creatively to } \\ \text { design and make } \\ \text { products }\end{array}\right\}$

Materials children will be exposed to across projects (in addition to the 'focus material'): Sketching pencils, colouring pencils, oil pastels, wax crayons, chalk, felt tip pens

## 2. to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chn draw lines of different sizes, thickness and patterns etc zigzag <br> Chn use scribbling and hatching to shade objects drawn. <br> Chn colour neatly following the lines. | Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Chn show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines (blending, stippling and cross-hatching). <br> Chn use bold colours to express themselves. | Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination |


| Year 1 |  | Year 2 |  | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Summer 1 <br> Painting <br> Chn use thick and thin brushes and mix primary colours to consistently make secondary colours. |  | Summer 2 <br> Printing <br> Chd make printing blocks using plasticine and use them to create repeated patterns. | to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination |



## 3. to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 2 <br> Drawing <br> Consider colour for purpose | Spring 2 <br> Collage <br> Colour sort materials | Summer 1 <br> Painting <br> To recognise and name primary and secondary colours. <br> Use primary colours to create secondary colours. <br> Investigate mixing a wider variety of colours, to create different tones (adding white and black to a colour). | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Investigate tone by drawing dark/light lines, patterns, shapes. <br> Know that different media are better for blending <br> Use line and tone to represent our facial features | Spring 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> N/A | Summer 2 <br> Printing <br> Consider colours used within the patterns | to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |

Colour
Mx colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours.
Mix and use tints and shades.

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Autumn 2 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Autumn 1 | Spring 1 | Summer 2 | to develop a wide range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drawing | Collage | Painting | Drawing | 3D Sculpture | Printing | of art and design |
| Know there are different drawing techniques such as: scribbling and hatching | Fold, tear, crumple and overlap papers <br> Use different materials to | Begin to control the types of marks made with a range of painting techniques, e.g. layering, | Investigate tone by drawing dark/light lines, patterns, shapes. | Recognise different textures in different surfaces. | Know that prints can be repeated to create a pattern | techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |
| Know how to scribble and hatch | embellish and add details on to their collage and explain what effect | mixng media and adding texture. | Use different shading techniques: <br> cross-hatching and | Scrunch, roll and shape foil into 3D forms | Know and recognise overlapped prints. |  |
|  | this has |  | stippling. | Develop pinching into a simple sculpture. | Know that they can score into plasticine to |  |
|  |  |  | Select particular techniques for a given purpose, for example, stippling for shading on | Experiment with joining materials to create a 3D sculpture | create a printing block. |  |
|  |  |  | lips. | Use tools to cut and score foil to change its texture |  |  |

## attern/ Texture

Create pattern/ texture using simple drawing techniques: scribbling, stippling, hatching and cross-hatching
Use folding, overlapping and tearing of materials to create different patterns and textures

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 2 <br> Drawing <br> Draw lines of different size, thickness and colour. <br> Understand that lines can come in different forms - vertical, horizontal, wavy, zigzag, spiral, diagonal, dotted, dashed, curly, thick, thin <br> Use line to create shapes | Spring 2 <br> Collage <br> Draw lines of different thickness | Summer 1 <br> Painting <br> Paint thick and thin lines using different brushes. | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Investigate tone by drawing dark/light lines, patterns, shapes. <br> Use line and tone to represent objects seen, remembered and imagined. <br> Use line and tone to represent our facial features | Spring 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Use line to represent objects | Summer 2 <br> Printing <br> Create patterns, using prints | to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |

Line
Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements to create lines and marks.

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 2 <br> Drawing <br> Use line to create shapes | Spring 2 <br> Collage <br> Know the names of basic shapes (circle, oval, triangle, rectangle) <br> Layer paper to create a shape <br> Draw basic shapes of animals | $\frac{\text { Summer } 1}{\text { Painting }}$ <br> Observe and draw shapes with increasing control. | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Investigate tone by drawing dark/light lines, patterns, shapes. | Spring 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Know that 3D is an object which has depth opposed to being 2D which is flat <br> Mould, form, shape and bond materials to create 3D form | Summer 2 <br> Printing <br> Create patterns, using prints | to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |

Shape
Make marks and lines with a range of drawing implements
Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements to create lines and shapes

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Autumn } 2}{\text { Drawing }} \\ & \text { N/A } \end{aligned}$ | Spring 2 <br> Collage <br> Investigate a variety of visual and tactile materials <br> Fold, crumple, tear and overlap <br> Arrange and glue materials to different backgrounds | $\frac{\text { Summer 1 }}{\text { Painting }}$ N/A | $\frac{\text { Autumn 1 }}{\text { Drawing }}$ N/A | Spring 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Scrunch, roll and shape foil into 3D forms <br> Develop pinching into a simple sculpture. <br> Experiment with joining materials to create a 3D sculpture <br> Mould, form, shape and bond materials to create 3D form | $\frac{\text { Summer } 2}{\text { Printing }}$ N/A | to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |

Form
Mould, join, pinch, scrunch and bend material to achieve a 3D structure.

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\frac{\text { Autumn } 2}{\text { Drawing }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Spring } 2}{} \\ & \text { Collage } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Summer } 1}{\text { Painting }} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Autumn } 1}{\text { Drawing }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spring 1 } \\ & \text { 3D Sculpture } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Summer } 2}{\text { Printing }}$ | to develop a wide range of art and design |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Use line, colour and shape to draw the other half of an object | Fold, tear, crumple and overlap papers (using the relevant space) <br> Arrange and glue materials to different backgrounds (filling the relevant space) | Draw shapes in the relevant space more accurately | Consider the location of facial features <br> Develop ideas, try things out and change mind (e.g. depending on the location) | N/A | Create a design on a printing block (considering the space on the printing block) | techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |

Use and draw shapes more accurately in the relevant space.
4. about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

Chn recognise practices (e.g. techniques) and disciplines (drawing, painting, sculpture etc) in the artists, craft makers, designers work and begin to make links to their own work.
Chn are inspired by the work of artists and begin to use elements in their own pieces.
Chn recognise practices and disciplines in the artists, craft makers, designers work and describe differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, linking to their own work.

| Year 1 Aut | Year 1 Spr | Year 1 Sum | Year 2 Aut | Year 2 Spr | Year 2 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 2 <br> Drawing <br> Describe the work of Lesley Martyn <br> Talk about their own work and that of others and say how they feel about i | Spring 2 <br> Collage <br> Describe the work of Megan Coyle <br> Talk about their own work and that of others and say how they feel about it. | Summer 1 <br> Painting <br> Describe the work of Vincent Van Gogh <br> Talk about their own work and that of others and say how they feel about it. | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Describe the work of Roy Lichtenstein Miguel Endara <br> Know techniques used by Roy Lichtenstien <br> Know techniques used by Miguel Endara <br> Talk about their own work and that of others and say how they feel about it. | Spring 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Describe the work of Toshihiko Mitsuya <br> Talk about their own work and that of others and say how they feel about it. | $\frac{\text { Summer } 2}{\text { Printing }}$ | about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. |

## Key stage 2

Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.

Pupils should be taught:

1. to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
2. to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
3. about great artists, architects and designers in history.

## 1. to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas

| LKS2 | UKS2 | NC Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chn develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. They adapt <br> and refine ideas as they progress. Chn comment on artworks using visual <br> language. | Chn develop and imaginatively extend their ideas from starting points <br> throughout the curriculum. Chn collect information, sketches and resources to <br> inspire. Chn use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas and comment on <br> artwork with a developing grasp of visual language. |  |
| Chn collect information, sketches and resources to enhance own ideas. Chn <br> explore ideas in a variety of ways and comment on artwork with a developing <br> grasp of visual language. | Chn collect, sketches/resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketchbook/ <br> Chn spot the potential in unexpected results as their work progresses. Chn <br> comment on artwork with a fluent grasp of visual language. |  |

2. to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]

| Year 3 Aut | Year 3 Spr | Year 3 Sum | Year 4 Aut | Year 4 Spr | Year 4 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Chn explore positive and negative space, and use charcoal to explore tone <br> Explore shading to achieve a range of light and dark tones, black to white. <br> Use different shading techniques to create different textures. Revisit | Spring 1 <br> Painting <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Summer 1 <br> Collage <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Chn experiment with proportion and use tone to create depth in their portraits <br> Know and use the shading techniques contour shading and blending <br> Know the similarities and differences between | Spring 2 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Summer 1 <br> Printing <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] |


| hatching, cross hatching, <br> stipling, scribbling and <br> blending. Teach <br> circulism. |  | contouring and <br> hatching/ cross- <br> hatching. <br> Begin to draw in scale <br> considering positive and <br> negative space. |  | Use different shading <br> techniques when <br> appropriate (hatching, <br> cross hatching, stippling, <br> scribbling and blending, <br> circulism and <br> contouring) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Year 5 Aut | Year 5 Spr | Year 5 Sum | Year 6 Aut | Year 6 Spr | Year 6 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 Drawing <br> Chn look closely at the eye to create detailed eye portraits. They use scale and proportion more accurately and apply the effects of light. <br> Subtractive drawing Use of erasing to work in the negative <br> Use different grades of pencil to achieve different effects <br> Use different shading techniques when appropriate (hatching, cross hatching, stippling, scribbling and blending, circulism and contouring) | Spring 2 <br> Painting <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Summer 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Autumn 2 Drawing <br> Chn merge their imagination and reality in their multimedia portraits, making sensible choices on the shading techniques they use. <br> Convey tonal qualities showing light and dark on form <br> Increased accuracy on scale, proportion and perspective <br> Use different shading techniques when appropriate (hatching, cross hatching, stippling, scribbling and blending, circulism and contouring) | Spring 1 <br> Printing <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | Summer 2 <br> Collage <br> Throughout each unit, children use the skills they have learnt to enhance sketchbook work (artist analysis, generation of ideas and designs) | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] |


| Year 3 Aut | Year 3 Spr | Year 3 Sum | Year 4 Aut | Year 4 Spr | Year 4 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spring 1 <br> Painting <br> Know the names of complementary colours <br> Mix colours to create complimentary colours <br> Alter the tint, shade or tone of a colour by adding white or black. <br> Use the appropriate brush for the detail |  |  |  | Summer 1 <br> Printing <br> Work systematically to create a relief printing bloc <br> Combine and manipulate materials to create a relief printing blocks | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] |


| Year 5 Aut | Year 5 Spr | Year 5 Sum | Year 6 Aut | Year 6 Spr | Year 6 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spring 2 <br> Painting <br> Know that mixing primary and secondary colours create tertiary colours - amber, vermillion, magenta, violet, teal, chartreuse <br> Mix a primary and secondary colour to make a tertiary colour <br> Mix colour, shades and tones with confidence Change the texture of the paint |  |  | Spring 1 <br> Printing <br> Tessellate shapes <br> ensuring no gaps. <br> Combine and manipulate materials to print a tessellated piece of art |  | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] |


| Year 3 Aut | Year 3 Spr | Year 3 Sum | Year 4 Aut | Year 4 Spr | Year 4 Sum |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| Year 5 Aut | Year 5 Spr | Year 5 Sum | Year 6 Aut | Year 6 Spr | Year 6 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Summer 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Know which materials are good for securing parts of a sculpture e.g. string, cable ties, cellotape, glue <br> Use cutting equipment safely |  |  | Summer 2 <br> Collage <br> Combine tone pattern and shape in collage. <br> Express their identity through collage | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] |


| Year 3 Aut | Year 3 Spr | Year 3 Sum | Year 4 Aut | Year 4 Spr | Year 4 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Sketching pencils Charcoal | Spring 1 Painting Paint Different brushes | Summer 1 <br> Collage <br> Felt <br> Denim <br> Velvet <br> Hessian <br> Silk | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Oil pastels Cotton buds Oil | Spring 2 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Clay <br> Water <br> Modelling tools | Summer 1 <br> Printing <br> Cardboard blocks made out of cereal boxes or other boxes collected String Paint | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for |



| Year 5 Aut | Year 5 Spr | Year 5 Sum | Year 6 Aut | Year 6 Spr | Year 6 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Sketching pencils (different grades) <br> Rubbers <br> Colouring pencils | Spring 2 <br> Painting <br> Polystyrene boards <br> Etching tools <br> Paint <br> Ink <br> Water colours | Summer 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Plastic bottles <br> Crepe paper <br> Glue <br> Pastels <br> Sharpies <br> Paint <br> Felt tips | Autumn 2 <br> Drawing <br> Sketching pencils Pens Ipads | Spring 1 <br> Printing <br> Polystyrene blocks <br> Etching tools <br> Paint <br> Ink | Summer 2 <br> Collage <br> Glue <br> Tape <br> Pencils <br> Paint <br> Sponges <br> Images <br> Magazines | to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] |

## 3. about great artists, architects and designers in history.

| Year 3 Aut | Year 3 Spr | Year 3 Sum | Year 4 Aut | Year 4 Spr | Year 4 Sum | NC Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> John Singer - American portrait painter | Spring 1 <br> Painting <br> Claude Monet - French impressionist painter | Summer 1 <br> Collage <br> Stella McCartney - British fashion designer <br> Susan Schenk - collage artist | Autumn 1 <br> Drawing <br> Mary Cassatt - American painter and printer | Spring 2 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Greek pottery designer Roman pottery designers | Summer 1 <br> Printing <br> Andy Lovell - modern British artist, printmaker and illustrator | about great artists, architects and designers in history. |
| Year 5 Aut | Year 5 Spr | Year 5 Sum | Year 6 Aut | Year 6 Spr | Year 6 Sum | NC Content |
| Autumn 1 Drawing <br> Jose Vergara - Spanish hyperrealist artist | Spring 2 <br> Painting <br> Frida Kahlo - Mexican painter | Summer 1 <br> 3D Sculpture <br> Veronika Richterova Czech sculpture artist | Autumn 2 Drawing <br> Ben Heine - Belgian visual artist and music producer | Spring 1 <br> Printing <br> Yasmin Kathrada - <br> British visual artist | Summer 2 <br> Collage <br> Reflect upon their MPPS Art \& Design journey (including learning about great artists, architects and designers in history) | about great artists, architects and designers in history. |

